Polba Mahavidyalaya

Departmental Lesson Plan Session:2023-2024

Name of the Department: Political Science

Name of the Programme: B.A 3 Years/4 Years (Major)/B.A.(Honours)
Name of the Course: (Subject): Political Science (Major)/ (Honours)

Period of the Lesson Plan: July, 2023- June, 2024

Academic	Class	Paper	Topics to be Covered	No of	Name of the	Date of
Period				Lectures	Teacher	Internal
						Assessment/
						Class Test
July 2023 to December 2023	SEM-I, (NEP)	Major/DSC POLS 1011 Western Political Thought	1.Ancient Greek Political Thought: Basic Features, Plato – Justice; Aristotle: State 2.Medieval Political Thought: Main features 3.Renaissance and Machiavelli: Concept of Power and Secularization of Politics 4.Hobbes:Sovereignty;Locke:Foundationsof Liberalism; Rousseau: General Will 5. Hegel: State 6.Marx and Engels: Dialectical and Historical Materialism 7.J.S. Mill: concept of Liberty.	60	N 475 TT 1: 0 4 1 5	3 rd week of December

SEC: POLS: 2051: Human Right Education	Rights concep Rights 2. Indian the pro rights 3. Nation commit compo function 4. Human moven Basic I 5. Human and co	constitution and tection of human al human rights ssion:	60	MK: unit:1 and 2 MT; unit: 3 and 4 DB: unit 5	3 rd week of December
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SEM-III(CBCS)	CC- 5(Comparati ve Politics)	Transition from Comparative Government to Comparative Politics - Scope and Objectives of	60	MK	2 nd week of December
		comparative politics			
		2. Conventions and the Rule of Law in UK; Bill of Rights in the USA			
		3. Unitary Systems: UK and France; Federal Systems: USA			
		4. Parliamentary and Presidential Systems: UK and USA and China			
		5. Party System in UK and USA and France, Nigeria, Mexico.			
		6. Legislatures in UK and USA: Composition and Functions.			
		7. Judiciary in UK, USA and France			
	CC-6(Public Administrati on)	Administration: Meaning, dimensions and	60	MT	2 nd week of December
		significance of the; Evolution of Public Administration as a			
		Discipline; Identity crisis of Public Administration			

2. Classical Theories: Scientific Management (F.W. Taylor); Administrative Management (Gullick, Urwick);Ideal type bureaucracy (Weber)	
3.Neo-Classical Theories: Human Relations (Elton Mayo); Decision Making Theory (Herbert Simon); Motivation Theory(Herzberg, Maslow)	
4.Contemporary Theories: Ecological Approach (Fred Riggs);Innovation and Entrepreneurship (Peter Drucker)	
5.Concepts of Administration: Hierarachy, Span of Control, Unityof Command, Line and Staff, Centralization- Decentralization, Devolution, Delegation	
6. Major approaches in Public Administration — New Public Administration, New PublicManagement, New Public Service Approach, Feminist Perspective	
Perspective	

CC-7(Local Government in India)	73 rd Amendment Act and its implications for rural local-self Government in India.	60	DB	and 1 6
	0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		DB	2 nd week of
	2. 74thAmendment Act and its			December
	implications for urban local-			
	selfGovernment in India.			
	3. Rural Administration in West			
	Bengal: Panchayati Raj			
	Institutions;Role of BDO.			
	histitutions, Role of BDO.			
	4. Urban Administration in West			
	Bengal: Municipalities and			
	Municipal Corporations.			
	5. District Administration: Role of			
	DM, SP & SDO.			-
	6. State Administration in West			
	Bengal: Chief Secretary;			
	Divisional Commissioner;			
	7. Administrative Reforms in India:			
	Impact of Globalization – RTI,			
	Lokpal and Lokayukta			

	SEC- 1(Legislativ e Support)	Powers and functions of people's representatives at different tiers of governance – Members of Parliament; State Legislative Assemblies. Supporting the legislative process - Law-making procedure, Role of	50	MK: unit: 1 and 2 MT: unit: 3 and 4	2 nd week of December
		Committees. 3. Reading the budget document — Overview of Budget Process, Role of Parliament in reviewing the Union Budget. 4. Examination of Demands for			
SEM-V(CBCS)	CC-11	Grants of Ministries, Working of Ministries. 1. Social Movements: Definition; Distinction between "new" and "old" social movements	60	MK: unit 1,2 and 3 MT: unit: 4.5 and 6	1 st week of December

Social Movement in India	 Positive discrimination and Dalitmovements (Panthers) in India Trade Union movements in India:an overview of strength and weaknesses. Peasant moments in India: CaseStudy (Telengana and Tebhaga) Women's movements in India:key issues Environmental Movements in India: Chipko, Narmada BachaoAndolan. 			
CC- 12(Element ry Research Method)	1.a. Meaning and Objective of social science research b. Theoretical foundations of research: A brief outline of Positivism, Post-Positivism, and their critiques. 2. Methodology of research: Qualitative and Quantitative	60	MK; unit: 1a,1b and 2 MT: unit: 3,4 and 5	1 st week of December

	3. Vocabulary of research: Concept, Variable, Proposition, Hypothesis, Theory		
	 4.Components of Research Design: Problemation, Hypothesis formulation, Data collection, and testing of hypothesis. 5. Major methods and techniques of Data Collection: Survey 		
	method, Interview, and Case study		
DSE- 1(Selec Compa Politica Theori	rative 2. Indian Thought: Thinkers and	MK: unit: 1 MT: unit: 2a,2b,2c,2d DB: 3a,3b,3c.3d	1 st week of December
	b) Tilak and Gandhi on Swarajc) Ambedkar on Social Justiced) Nehru and Jayaprakash Narayanon Democracy		

	3.Western Thought: Thinkers andThemes a) Aristotle on Citizenship b) Locke on Rights c) Rousseau on inequality d) J. S. Mill on liberty and democracy.		
DSE- 2(Demo y and Decentre d Governa	lize 2.Global Economy: Bretton Woods	MT: unit1,2 and 3 DB: unit: 4 and 5	1 st week of December

Academic	Class	Paper	Topics to be Covered	No of	Name of the	Date of Internal
Period				Lectures	Teacher	Assessment
January 2024 to June 2024	SEM-II(NEP)	MAJOR/ DSC/ POLS 2011 (Political Theory)	The meaning of Politics and Political Theory; Importance ofPolitical Theory:	60	MK: unit 1,2 and 3 MT: unit: 4,5 and 6 DB: unit: 7	3 rd week of May
			2. Different Approaches: (a) Traditional (b) Behavioural and Post Behavioural (c) Marxist			
		3. The Concept of Sovereignty: (a) Monistic (b) Pluralist (c) Popular				
			4. Rights, Liberty and Equality: Meaning and their Interrelationship			
			5. Theory of justice: Rawls			
			6. Ideology: Meaning and variants;1. Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism, 2. Socialism,3. Fascism,4. Feminism			
			7. Theories of State: (a) Idealist (b)Liberal (c) Marxist (d) Gandhian			

SEC: POLS: 2051(Legislative	Powers and functions of people's	60	MK: unit: 1 and 2	3 rd week of May
Support)	representative at different tiers of governance – Members of Parliament; State Legislative Assemblies. 2. Law-making procedure, Role of Committees in parliament		MT: unit: 3,4 and 5	
	 3. Procedure of Budget- making 4. Ministry of parliamentary affairs and external affairs: main function 			
	5. NITI Ayog: composition and function			

SEM-IV	CC- 8(International Relation)	Nature and Scope of International Relations; Idealist, Realist, and Neo-Realist approaches in IR	60	MK	2nd week of May
		National Power: Concepts and Elements			
		3. Balance of Power and Collective Security 4. Origin and End of the Cold War 5. Post Cold War global issues: (a) Globalization (b) Human Rights (c) Terrorism			
		6. Disarmament: NPT, CTBT, and NSG.			
		7. Foreign Policy and Diplomacy: Concepts, Determinants and Objectives			
		8.Indian Foreign Policy: Basic Tenets.			

CC-9(Sociology	1.Political Sociology and			2nd week of
and Politics)	Sociology of Politics: Nature and Scope	60	MT	May
	2.Political Culture: Meaning, Components and Types; Political Socialization: Meaning, Role and Agencies			
	3.Political Participation: Meaning and Components			
	4.Concepts of Power and Authority; Types of Authority			
	5.Feminism: Meaning, Significance and Different Schools			
	6.Environment and Politics; Environment Movements: An Overview; Eco-Feminism			
	7.Religion and Politics; Concept of Secularism			
	8.State and Civil Society: Media, Society and Politics			

CC-	1.Evolution of international	60	DB	2nd week of
10(International Organization)	organizations.			May
	2.United Nations: its			
	Emergence; General Assembly			
	and Security Council;			
	Secretariat; Secretary General;			
	International Court of Justice:			
	Composition and Functions			
	3.Peacekeeping and			
	Peacebuilding Role of the UN			
	4.Regional Economic			
	Organizations-APEC &OPEC			
	5.Regional security			
	organizations-NATO & ARF.			
	6.Regional Organizations:			
	SAARC and ASEAN, BRICS			
	 Goals and Functioning 			

SEC-2(Public Opinion and Survey Research)	1. Definition and Characteristics of Public Opinion 2 Measuring Public Opinion: Methods and Types of Sampling 3 Interviewing: Types- structured, unstructured, focused 4 Questionnaire: Question wording; fairness and clarity 5 Prediction in polling research: possibilities and pitfalls		MK: unit 1 and 2 MT: unit 3,4 and 5	2nd week of May
CC-13(Indian Foreign Policy)	1.Key Determinants of India's Foreign Policy-Geography, Parliament, Cabinet, PMO. 2.India's Foreign Policy towards her neighbours; Recent engagement with Pakistan, Bangladesh and Nepal, Bhutan 3.India and the major powers-	60	MK	1st week of May

	USA, China, Russia			
	4. Recent trends in India's Foreign Policy.			
CC- 14(Contemporar y Issues in India)	1. Caste System in India – Its changing nature and dynamics.	60	МТ	1st week of May
<i>y</i> 100 000 111 111 010,00	2. Women – Discrimination and violence against women			
	3. Secularism and Communalism			
	4. Political Economy of Poverty and Inequality			
	5. Rights of Persons With			
	Disabilities (PWDs) inIndia. 6. Social Backwardness and			
	Protective Discrimination 7. Disaster Risk Reduction			
	and Development Planning	60		
DSE-3(Local Government in West Bengal)	1.Evolution of Rural and Urban local government in West Bengal since independence	60	MK: unit: 1,2 and 3 DB: unit: 4 and	1st week of May
	2.Structure and functions of Panchayati Raj Institutions in			

		the light Act,197											
		3.Struct											
		governn	ments in	ı thelig	ght of tl	he We	est Ben	gal					
		Municip	pal Act,	1993.									
		4.	Local empoy	werme	overnn nt of V		and n, SCs,						
		5.			Govern ntrol of		Relationate.	ons:					
	DSE- 4(Understandin g Globalization)	2. 3. 4.	Globali Impact Econor Globali Globali order. Globali Dimens	of glomy ization ization ization	balizat and te and no	tion on errorisi ew into	n Indiar m ernatio tion:	1	60	MT: unit DB: unit	: 1,2 and 3 : 4 and 5	1 st wee	ek of

MK: Sri Milan Kisku MT: Sri Munna Thakur DB: Sri Dilip Bagdi Polba Mahavidyalaya

Departmental Lesson Plan

Session: 2023-2024

Name of the Department: Political Science Name of the Programme: B.A.(Minor)/(General) Name of the Course: (Subject): Political Science (General) Period of the Lesson Plan: July, 2023 to June, 2024

Academic Period	Class	Paper	Topics to be Covered	No. of Lecture		ame of eacher		Date of Internal Assessment/ Class Test
July 20223 to December 2023	1 st Sem(NEP)	Minor course: POLS: 1021(Political Theory)	1.The meaning of Politics and Politics and Politics Theory; Important of Political Theory Different Approaches: (a) Traditional (b) Behavioural and Post Behavioural of Marxist 2.The Concept of Sovereignty: (a) Monistic (b) Pluralist (c) Popul 3. Rights, Liberty and Equality: Meaningand their Inter-relationship 4. Liberalism and Neo- Liberalism: basic features 5.Theories of State (a) Idealist (b) Liberal (c) Marxist (d) Gandhian	cal ce :: (c) ar	60	MK: unit: 1 and 2 MT: urits and 4 DB: urits 1 and 4 DB: urits 5	ļ	3 rd week of December

Sem (CC- 1C (Indian Political Thought)	1.Ancient Indian Political Thought: Features; Kautilya's theory of Saptanga and the concept of Dandaniti 2. Mainfeatures of medieval Muslim Political Thought. 3. Raja Rammohun Roy: perception of British ColonialRule and their role as Modernizers. 4. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay, Vivekananda: Nationalism. 5. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi: Satyagraha; trusteeship 6. Rabindranath Tagore; State, Society and Nation. 7. B.R. Ambedkar:	60	MK: unit 1,2 and 3 MT: unit: 4,5,6 and 7	
	SEC- 1 (Electoral Practices and Procedures)	SocialJustice. 1. Electoral practices in india- Method of conducting General (Parliamentary) Election and election to state assembly. 2. Election Commission of India- Composition, structure, function. 3. Role of Chief election commissioner. 4. Role of state election commission. 5. Electoral reform in india.	40	MK: unit 1 and 2 MT: unit 3,4 and 5	2 nd week of December

5 th	DSE- 1A	1 Distinctive features of	60	MK: unit	1st week of
Sem	(Selected	Indian and Western	00	1	December
	Comparative	political thought		MT:	
	Political			unit:	
	Theories)	2. Indian Thought:		2a,2b,2c and 2d	
		Thinkers and Themes		DB: unit:	
		a. Kautilya on State		3a,3b,3c and 3d	
		b. Tilak and Gandhi on Swaraj			
		c. Ambedkar on Social Justice			
		d. Nehru and Jayaprakash Narayan on Democracy			
		3.Western Thought: Thinkers and Themes			
		a. Aristotle on Citizenship			
		b. Locke on Rights			
		c. Rousseau on inequality			
		d. J. S. Mill on liberty			
		anddemocracy.			
	SEC-	1. Constitution-	40	MK	13st week
	3(Democratic	fundamental rights,			of
	Awareness Through	fundamental duties,			December
	Legal	other constitutional			
	Literacy)	rights.			
		2. Law relating to dowry, sexual			
		harassment and			
		violence against			
		women- Law			
		relating to			
		consumer rights			
		and cyber crimes.			
		3. Anti- terrorist law: Implication for			
		security and human			
		rights			
		4. System of court/			
		tribunals and their			
		jurisdiction in			
		india- criminal and			

Pol	civil courts, writ jurisdiction, specialized courts such as juvenile courts, mahila courts and tribunal 1. Ancient Indian Political Thought: Features; Kautilya's theory of Saptanga and the concept of Dandaniti 2. Mainfeatures of medieval Muslim Political Thought. 3. Raja Rammohun Roy: perception of British ColonialRule and their role as Modernizers. 4. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay,	60	MK: unit1,2 and 3 MT: unit; 4,5,6 and 7	
	Vivekananda: Nationalism. 5. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi: Satyagraha; trusteeship 6. Rabindranath Tagore; State,Society and Nation. 7. B.R. Ambedkar: SocialJustice.			

-	and	13.6	I 4 m G :			ard
January,	2 nd	Minor:	1.a The Constituent	60	MK:	3 rd
2024 to	Sem(NEP)	POLS: 2021:	Assembly:its Composition		unit: 1,2	week
June 2024		(Indian	and role		and 3	of May
		Government			MT:	
		and Politics)	b. The Preamble		unoit:	
			and itsSignificance		4,5 and 6	
			2 () E 1 (1 E 1		0	
			2. (a) Fundamental Rights			
			and Duties (b) Directive			
			Principles of State Policy			
			2 N . CI 1			
			3. Nature of Indian			
			Federalism: Centre-			
			States relations –			
			Legislative,			
			Administrative and			
			Financial			
			4. Union Legislature:			
			LokSabha and			
			RajyaSabha —			
			Organization, Functions			
			andLawmaking			
			Procedures; the Speaker;			
			Procedure of			
			Constitutional			
			Amendment			
			Amendment			
			5. Union Executive:			
			Presidentand Prime			
			Minister: Powers and			
			functions; Governor and			
			chief minister			
			6. Judiciary: Supreme Court			
			and High Courts			
			Composition			
			and Functions;			
			·			
			7. Party System in India:			
			Features and Trends;			
			CoalitionGovernments			
			8. Electoral Process: Election			
			Commission – Composition			
			and Functions; Electoral			
			Reforms			

4 th Sem	CC-	1.a The Constituent	60	MK:	2 nd
4 Sem	1D(Indian		00	unit	week
	Government	Assembly:its Composition		1,2,3,4	of May
	and Politics)	and role		MT:	ormay
	,	b. The Preamble and		unit:	
		itsSignificance		5,6,7,8	
		nissignificance			
		2.(a) Fundamental Rights			
		andDuties (b) Directive			
		Principles of State Policy			
		3. Nature of Indian			
		Federalism: Centre-			
		States relations –			
		Legislative,			
		Administrative and			
		Financial			
		4.Union Legislature:			
		LokSabha and			
		RajyaSabha —			
		Organization, Functions			
		andLawmaking			
		Procedures; the Speaker;			
		Procedure of			
		Constitutional			
		Amendment			
		5.Union Executive:			
		Presidentand Prime			
		Minister: Powers and			
		functions; Governor and			
		Chief Minister: Powersand			
		function			
		6.Judiciary: Supreme Court			
		and High Courts			
		Composition and function			
		7. Party System in India:			
		Features and Trends;			
		CoalitionGovernments,			
		8.Electoral Process:			
		ElectionCommission –			
		Composition and			
		Functions; Electoral			
		Reforms			

SEC- 2(Public Opinion and Survey Research)	1. Definition and Characteristics of PublicOpinion 2.Measuring Public Opinion:Methods and Types of Sampling 3.Interviewing: Types- structured, unstructured,focused 4.Questionnaire: Question wording; fairness and clarity 5. Prediction in polling research: possibilities andpitfalls	40	MK: unit 1,2 MT: unit: 3,4,5	2 nd week of May

6 ^t	th	DSE-	1.	Globalization;	60	MK:	1st week
S	Sem	1B(Understanding		Meaning and		unit:1,2	of May
		Globalization)		debates		MT: unit:	
			2.	Impact of		3,4,5	
				globalization on			
				Indian Economy			
			3.	Globalization and			
				terrorism			
			4.	Globalization and			
				new international			
				order			
			5.	Globalization and			
				localization:			
				Dimensions of			
				climate change			
		SEC- 4(Human	1.	Meaning and a	40	MT: unit:	1st week
		rights education)		brief history of		1,2,3	of May
				human rights		DB:unit:	
			2.	Human rights-		4,5	
				Terrorism and			
			_	counter- terrorism			
			3.	Indian constitution			
				and protection of			
			_	human rights			
			4.	National human			
				rights commission-			
				composition and			
			_	function			
			5.	Human rights			
				movements in			
				India- Evaluation,			

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	nature, challenges			
	and prospects			
GE-2(Indian	1.a The Constituent Assembly:	60	MK:	1 st week
Government Government		00	unit:1,2,3	of May
politics:	its composition and fole o.		MT: unit:	Or iviay
ponties.	The Preamble and its		4,5,6	
	Significance		DB:	
	2 (a) Fundamental Bights and		unit:7,8	
	2.(a) Fundamental Rights and			
	Duties (b) Directive Principles			
	of State Policy			
	3.Nature of Indian			
	Federalism: Centre-States			
	relations – Legislative,			
	Administrative and Financial			
	Administrative and Pinancial			
	4.Union Legislature:			
	LokSabha and RajyaSabha			
	 Organization, Functions 			
	and Lawmaking			
	Procedures; the Speaker;			
	Procedure of Constitutional			
	Amendment			
	Amendment			
	5.Union Executive: President			
	and Prime Minister: Powers			
	and functions; Governor and			
	Chief Minister: Powers and			
	function			
	6.Judiciary: Supreme Court and			
	High Courts Composition.			
	7.Party System in India:			
	Features and Trends; Coalition			
	Governments,			
	8. Electoral Process: Election			
	Commission – Composition and			
	Functions; Electoral Reforms.			